

This document describes procedures that could result in voiding of the warranty of your radio.

If these procedures are not precisely and properly carried out, it could result in a radio that does not work or is damaged.

Furthermore, while reasonable efforts have been made to assure the accuracy of this information, it is possible that there are some errors, or that your radio is of a slightly different version than the one used for testing and thus, differences may exist. You are expected to take total responsibility for your own actions.

It is assumed that anyone following suggestions made in this document is already thoroughly familiar with the technologies and techniques involved and possesses the necessary skill and knowledge to make their own judgment as to the appropriateness and validity of the information.

If you choose to do the installation outlined, you do so at your own risk. You are solely responsible for any damage, voiding of warranty, or other harm that may come about by following these procedures. It is very strongly recommended that, if you maintain your own radio, you thoroughly familiarize yourself with the transceiver service manual. If you don't have one, get one!

CAUTION: Soldering and desoldering of very small Surface Mount Components may be required to perform this installation

IMPORTANT NOTE: Support for the $ADSP^2$ board will be provided by SGC exclusively by email. Please write to <u>sgc@sgcworld.com</u> for assistance if needed.

1. Technical Specifications

Specification	Low Audio	High Audio
Size	1.7 X 1.475"	2.645 X 1.475"
Weight	0.6 oz	1.1 oz
Audio Limits Min Input Max Input Max Output Power Output	10 mv RMS 150 mv RMS .5 v RMS	100 mv RMS 5 volt RMS 9 v RMS 5 Watts RMS
Current Consumption idle full out	80 mA 80 mA	110 mA 500 mA
Noise Reduction Time Delay Tone Rejection	X1 13 dB 6.5 ms -50 dB	X2 26 dB 13 ms -65 dB
Filters (3dB Bandwidth) Voice CW Wide CW Narrow Out of Band Rejection	300-2100 Hz 400-900 Hz 600-700 Hz -45 dB	



2. Preparation

The ADSP² installation provides you with an unprecedented ADSP capability, far beyond what you can find on most amateur radio transceivers.

Every possible effort has been made to provide you with a simple, easy to use product. One where you can concentrate on your communication and not on fiddling with knobs. SGC's ADSP² will give you years of service improving your ability to communicate.

Prepare your work area

Assemble your tools and parts

ADSP² board ADSP² switch assembly Double-stick tape for mounting the board Tools for disassembling your transceiver soldering iron suitable for working with Surface Mount Devices

3. Install the ADSP² Board

Open your transceiver

Remove the backing from the double-stick foam tape and attach the ADSP² assembly into a convenient location

On the FT817, the best place to locate the $ADSP^2$ board is in the battery compartment as shown in the picture below. Alternatively, if battery operation is desired with the internal batteries, then the board can be installed in a small external box and the necessary wires run in through gaps in the case.





□ Connect the ADSP² into the signal path

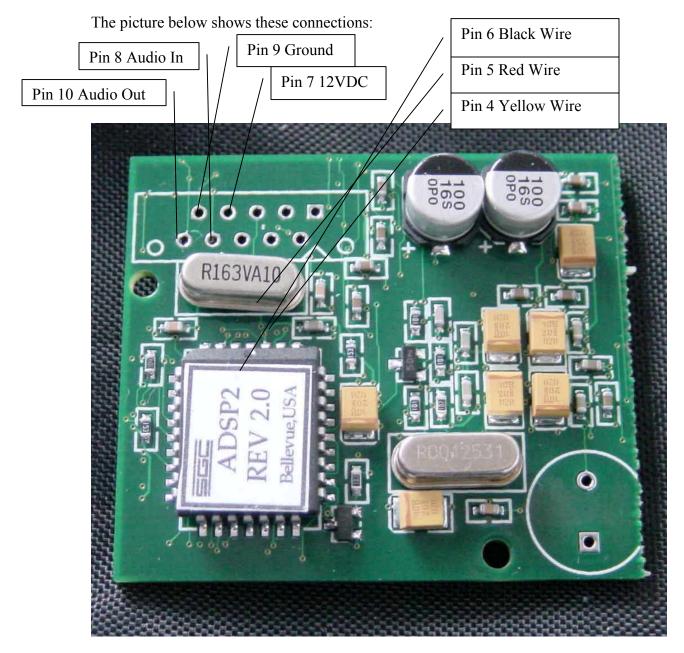
The following connections will be made between the ADSP² board and the FT817:

Pin 7 to 12V DC, White wire Pin 9 to DC ground, Black wire Pin 8 to audio in to the ADSP², Gray wire Pin 10 to the audio out from the ADSP², Brown wire

You will also need to make the following connections to the board from the momentary switches provided for switching ADSP modes and Filters:

Pin 4 to the Yellow Wire Pin 5 to the Red Wire Pin 6 to the Black Wire



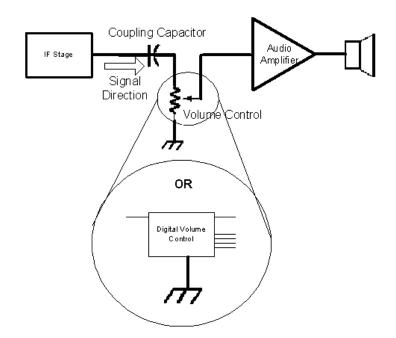


The audio path should be broken at the input to the audio amplifier just before the volume control. The only requirement at this point is that a minimum of 10 millivolts RMS and a maximum of 150 millivolts RMS will appear at this point when using the Low Power version of the $ADSP^2$. Normally, there is a capacitor at this point (0.1 uf is a typical

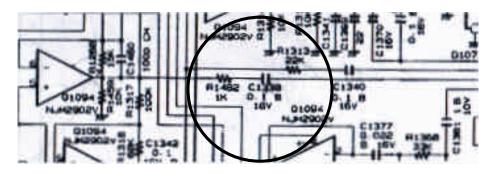


Low Power Board Catalog Number 70-11

value) to couple the stages together. Remove this capacitor and connect the $ADSP^2$ board in its place. The board has coupling capacitors on its input and output.



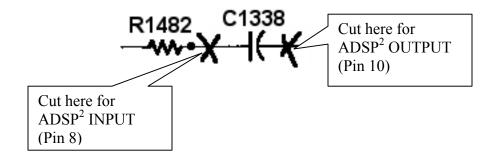
First, capacitor C1338 is removed and the board is installed across the connections where it was. The FT817 schematic shows it like this:



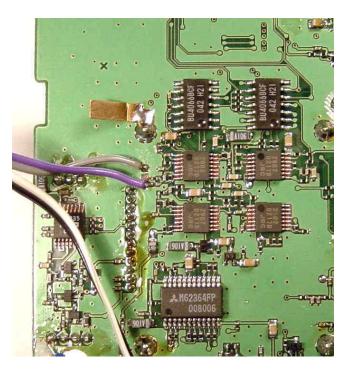
A cut should be made on either side of C1338 and C1338 should be removed.



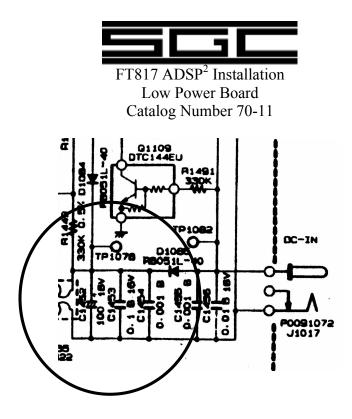
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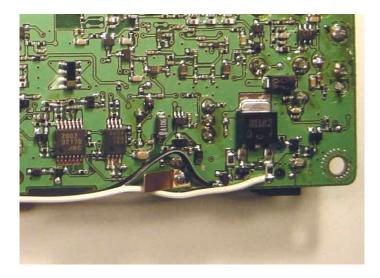
Connect the signal path as shown in the diagram. Your installation should look like this:



12 VDC can be taken from any point where it is convenient and the ground can be connected to any convenient point that is connected to the chassis ground. Connect the 12 VDC and GND wires from the ADSP² board and connect them to the FT817's power supply. A convenient location is shown on the schematic below.



When complete, your installation should look like this:



Route the ADSP² switch assembly out of the transceiver body

On the FT817, a convenient place to route the switch cables out of the battery compartment is at the speaker jack.



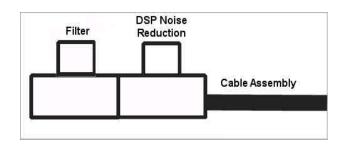
FT817 ADSP² Installation Low Power Board Catalog Number 70-11



□ Solder the switch assembly to the ADSP2 board

□ Reassemble the transceiver

4. Test your transceiver



The switch buttons are assigned to their functions according to the diagram below:

Each switch steps through its functions in order as shown below under testing.

• Testing the ADSP Functions

• Press & Release the ADSP² Pushbutton for Noise Reduction X1



- Press & Release the ADSP² Pushbutton for Noise Reduction X2 Press & Release the ADSP² Pushbutton for No Reduction 0
- 0
- Repeat several times to verify operation 0

Testing the Filter Functions

- Press & Release the Filter Pushbutton for the Voice Filter
- Press & Release the Filter Pushbutton for the Wide CW Filter
- Press & Release the Filter Pushbutton for the Narrow CW Filter
- Press & Release the Filter Pushbutton for No Filter
- Repeat several times to verify operation



5. Installing the Switches

The switches may be installed in any convenient location. The specific choice of switches was made to make it easy to mount on nearly any transceiver. Some people have chosen to install their switches on the side of the unit, others have preferred to top, and some on the front. Your specific installation will determine what the best location is.

SGC welcomes any suggestions regarding these switches to improve their installation and operation.

CAUTION: Overdriving the ADSP² module may cause distortion. Backing off the level of the input signal will avoid it.

SPECIAL NOTE: SGC is constantly seeking to improve the accuracy and ease of use of it's technical documentation. Any suggestions for improving this document will be much appreciated by SGC Management.



